Numerical Methods I Assignment III Due: April 3, 2019

Consider the $N \times N$ circulant matrix **C** with elements given by

$$\mathbf{C}_{ij} = \epsilon \ \delta(i,j) + \delta(i,j+1 \bmod N) + \delta(i,j-1 \bmod N).$$
(1)

Here δ is the Kronecker delta function and $i, j = 0, 1, 2 \dots N - 1$. For example, the matrix for N = 4 is

$$\mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} \epsilon & 1 & 0 & 1\\ 1 & \epsilon & 1 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & \epsilon & 1\\ 1 & 0 & 1 & \epsilon \end{pmatrix}.$$
 (2)

1. For general N > 2, determine the eigenvalues λ_i and the corresponding (complex) eigenvectors $|\lambda_i\rangle$ of **C**. Use these to construct a diagonalizing matrix **M** such that

$$\mathbf{D} = \mathbf{M}^{-1} \mathbf{C} \mathbf{M},\tag{3}$$

with $\mathbf{D}_{ij} = \lambda_i \, \delta(i, j)$. For what values of ϵ is this procedure singular?

(5 Marks)

2. Write a program to perform the matrix multiplication in Eq. (3). Plot the error between the numerically computed diagonal elements of **D** and the exact answer for $N = 2^n$ (with n = 2, 3...10).

(10 Marks)

3. Consider the matrix

$$\mathbf{B} = \alpha \mathbf{C} + \beta \mathbf{D}.\tag{4}$$

For an α and β of your choice, write a program to perform a direct triangular decomposition of **B** using the Gaussian elimination algorithm. Use this to compute the determinant det(**B**) for $N = 2^n$ (with n = 2, 3...10).

(15 Marks)

4. Write a program to perform the LU decomposition $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}$ where \mathbf{L} is a lower triangular and \mathbf{U} is an upper triangular matrix. Defining

$$\mathbf{L}|\mathbf{y}\rangle = |\mathbf{1}\rangle, \quad \mathbf{U}|\mathbf{x}\rangle = |\mathbf{y}\rangle,$$
 (5)

use forward and back substitution respectively in the above equations to solve the linear system

$$\mathbf{B}|\mathbf{x}\rangle = |\mathbf{1}\rangle.\tag{6}$$

Here $|1\rangle$ is a column vector with all elements equal to 1. Choose $N = 2^n$ (with n = 2, 3...10).

(20 Marks)