

## TIFR Centre for Interdisciplinary Sciences, Narsingi, Hyderabad 500075

## **Seminar**

## Application of Self-Assembly Strategies in Artificial Photosynthesis

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**Abstract:** The effective production and storage of non fossil-based, environmentfriendly fuels is one of the biggest challenges ever faced by modern science.1 Molecular artificial photosynthesis is one promising strategy aimed at solving this problem by synthetically mimicking the light-capture, charge-separation, and watersplitting functions of Nature using molecular components. Metallosupramolecular nano-cages provide nice opportunities to study reactive molecules or catalysts within unique steric and electronic environments by means of host-guest chemistry, while self-assembly along a self-sorting algorithm offer prospects to assemble multiple different components. Photo-active hosts are promising in the area of artificial photosynthesis and can be used to investigate photocatalysis (water-splitting in presence of sunlight). Finally the "holy grail" of the field, integration of various components (photo-sensitizer, oxygen evolving complex and hydrogen evolving complex) of artificial photosynthetic system could be achieved via self-sorting. Towards the goal, various photoactive hosts were fabricated and guest-encapsulation behaviors of the hosts were investigated.5 The principle of self-sorting algorithm has been emphasized by assembling five different components into single assembly.

**<u>Date</u>**: Tuesday, January 15<sup>th</sup> 2013

Time: 11:30AM (Tea/Coffee at 11:15AM)

**Venue:** Conference Hall, TCIS

All are cordially invited