



Colloquium

Collisions and coalescences between heavy particles in turbulent flow

Jeremie Bec

Lab. Lagrange, CNRS, Observatoire de la Cote d'Azur, France

Numerous natural and industrial processes, such as rain initiation, planet formation, sediment transport, or spray atomization, involve the growth by coalescence of small impurities suspended in a turbulent fluid. They generally have a finite mass, so that they detach from the flow and cluster. After explaining how this mechanism enhance the rate at which they collide, I will present recent results on the role played by turbulent fluctuations. Using the results of direct numerical simulations, I will explain how a snowball effect leads on very short time scales to the formation of particles that are much larger than the average.

Wednesday, Feb 11th 2015

4:00 PM (Tea/Coffee at 3:30 PM)

Seminar Hall, TCIS